# The key features of a mastery approach:

#### The class work together on the same topic

The emphasis is on keeping the class together until specific concepts or skills are mastered and then moving an together. This does **not** mean that some children will be left behind or others not challenged. Differentiation is now achieved through and deeper understanding, as explained below.

# Speedy teacher intervention to prevent gaps

Those children that have not met the expected outcomes or have gaps in their understanding, will be helped by receiving short, immediate extra time on maths, during the lesson or later in the day. This is a positive opportunity to consolidate their understanding.

### Challenge is provided by going deeper not accelerating

For those children that have mastered the skill, concept or procedure they will be presented with higher order thinking activities, rather than accelerating through the curriculum.

# Focused, rigorous and thorough teaching

Within Mastery, the idea is to focus on one small step at a time in a lesson, with an emphasis on the mathematical structures involved and the best way to represent these through models and images. Each small step is important as it builds towards deep understanding of a concept.

# More time on teaching topics - depth and practice

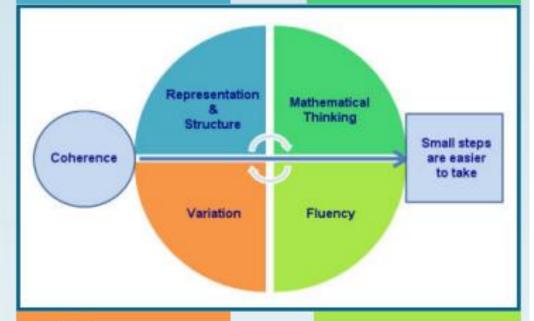
The same topic is likely to have the same focus until the class has mastered the concept, skill or procedure being taught. This is particularly the case for number and calculations. Focus areas are being taught over a longer time with smaller steps of progress and time is for practice and depth, making the learning effective.

Representation and Structure Representations such as objects and pictures are used in lessons expose the

mathematical concepts

being taught.

Mathematical Thinking
It taught ideas are to be
understood deepty, they must
not merely be passively
received but must be thought
about, reasoned with and
discussed with others.



#### Variation

Varying the way a concept is initially presented to students, by giving examples that display a concept as well as those that don't display it.

Also, carefully varying practice questions so that mechanical repetition is avoided, and thinking is encouraged.

#### Fluency

Quick and efficient recall of facts and procedures and the flexibility to move between different contexts and representations of mathematics.

#### Coherence

Connecting new ideas to concepts that have already been understood, and ensuring that, once understood and mastered, new ideas are used again in next steps of learning, all steps being small steps.